REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE KNOTT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012



ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912



ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Randy Thompson, Knott County Judge/Executive
Members of the Knott County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC, Certified Public Accountants, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Knott County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

We engaged Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC evaluated Knott County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Adam H. Edelen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Enclosure



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE KNOTT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2012

Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC has completed the audit of the Knott County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

We have issued unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information financial statements of Knott County, Kentucky.

In accordance with OMB Circular 133, we have also issued an unqualified opinion on the compliance requirements that are applicable to Knott County Fiscal Court's major federal programs: U.S. Department of Homeland Security - Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters (CFDA # 97.036) and U.S. Department of Agriculture - ARRA Emergency Watershed Protection Program (CFDA #10.923) for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$4,178,232 as of June 30, 2012. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,491,629 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2012, with total net assets of \$4,178,232. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2012 of \$13,608,071 with \$530,167 due within the next year.

Report Comments:

- 2012-01 The Fiscal Court Should Ensure That All Payments Due Are Made Timely
 2012-02 The Fiscal Court Should Ensure That Payroll Timesheets Are Signed And Personnel Folders Are
- 2012-03 Knott County Fiscal Court Failed To Fully Restore Restricted Funds

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Stephen R. Allen, CPA/Pl Dennis H. England, CPA

Dennis H. England, CPA Michael D. Foley, CPA Lyman Hager, Jr., CPA Jerry W. Hensley, CPA

J. Carroll Luby, CPA

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
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Members of the Knott County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Knott County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Knott County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Knott County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Knott County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Randy Thompson, Knott County Judge/Executive
Members of the Knott County Fiscal Court

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Knott County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and budgetary comparison information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The budgetary comparison information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2012 on our consideration of Knott County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- 2012-01 The Fiscal Court Should Ensure That All Payments Due Are Made Timely
- 2012-02 The Fiscal Court Should Ensure That Payroll Timesheets Are Signed And Personnel Folders Are Complete
- 2012-03 Knott County Fiscal Court Failed To Fully Restore Restricted Funds

Day, Foley, Hensley & Company

Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC December 14, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

Fiscal Court Members:

Randy Thompson County Judge/Executive

Mark Chaffins Magistrate
Jamie Mosley Magistrate
Calvin Waddles Magistrate
Barry Watts Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Timothy Bates County Attorney

Ricky Prater Jailer

Kenneth Gayheart County Clerk

Judy Collins Circuit Court Clerk

Dale Richardson Sheriff

Edward Slone Property Valuation Administrator

Jeff Blair Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Kevin JacobsCounty TreasurerDarrell Madden CPAFinance Officer



KNOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,491,629
Total Current Assets	1,491,629
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated	
Depreciation	
Land and Land Improvements	1,054,505
Construction In Progress	
Buildings and Improvements	13,268,092
Vehicles and Equipment	258,610
Infrastructure	1,713,467
Total Noncurrent Assets	16,294,674
Total Assets	17,786,303
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:	
Bonds Payable	503,065
Financing Obligations Payable	27,102
Total Current Liabilities	530,167
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Bonds Payable	13,019,877
Financing Obligations Payable	58,027
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,077,904
Total Liabilities	13,608,071
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets,	
Net of Related Debt	2,686,603
Unrestricted	1,491,629
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,178,232



KNOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Program Revenues Received							
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	2,644,916	\$		\$	362,360	\$			
Protection to Persons and Property		1,223,335				87,094				
General Health and Sanitation		3,397,232		120,017		2,220,271				
Social Services		304,209								
Recreation and Culture		2,647,915		360,150		1,814,386				
Roads		2,482,706				3,450,118		2,422,168		
Interest on Long-Term Debt		700,241				504,538				
Capital Projects		280,197								
Total Governmental Activities	\$	13,680,751	\$	480,167	\$	8,438,767	\$	2,422,168		

General Revenues:

Taxes: Real Property Taxes Personal Property Taxes Motor Vehicle Taxes Other Taxes Excess Fees Miscellaneous Revenues

Accrued Interest Received Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending

KNOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets
Primary Government

Primary Government					
Governmental					
	Activities				
\$	(2,282,556)				
	(1,136,241)				
	(1,056,944)				
	(304,209)				
	(473,379)				
	3,389,580				
	(195,703)				
	(280,197)				
	(2,339,649)				
	310,233				
	224,118				
	112,500				
	864,388				
	77,520				
	366,884				
	10,472				
	1,966,115				
	(373,534)				
	4,551,766				
\$	4,178,232				



KNOTT COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2012

	General Fund					LGFA Fund		State Grants Fund		Debt Service Fund		
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	154,573	\$	408,328	\$	39,573	\$	56,921	\$	671,994		
Due From Other Funds Total Assets		154,573		408,328		156,000 195,573		56,921		671,994		
Total Assets	_	134,373	_	400,320	_	193,373		30,921		0/1,994		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITES												
Due To Other Funds		156,000										
Total Liabilities		156,000										
FUND BALANCES												
Committed To:												
Debt Service										671,994		
Assigned To:										0,1,,,,		
Recreation and Culture												
Protection to Persons and Property		2,607										
Roads				408,328								
Unassigned		(4,034)				195,573		56,921				
Total Fund Balances		(1,427)		408,328		195,573		56,921		671,994		
Total Liabilities and		() '/				,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Fund Balances	\$	154,573	_\$_	408,328	\$	195,573	\$	56,921	\$	671,994		
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Go	vern	mental Fur	nds to	o the State	men	t of Net As	sets:					
Total Fund Balances									\$	1,491,629		
Amounts Reported For Governmental Ac	tiviti	es In The S	State	ment					Ψ	1, ., 1,02,		
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:												
Capital Assets Used in Governmental A	Activ	ities Are N	ot Fi	inancial Re	SOUT	ces						
And Therefore Are Not Reported in t					5041					31,515,146		
Accumulated Depreciation		ands.							((15,220,472)		
Long-term debt is not due and payable reported in the funds.	in th	e current p	erio	d and, ther	efore	e, is not			·	(10,==0, 17=)		
Financing Obligations										(85,129)		
Bonds									((13,522,942)		
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities									\$	4,178,232		

KNOTT COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Non-	Total					
Major	Go	vernmental				
 Funds		Funds				
\$ 160,240	\$	1,491,629				
		156,000				
 160,240		1,647,629				
 		156,000				
 		156,000				
		671,994				
1,448		1,448				
23,945		26,552				
		408,328				
134,847		383,307				
 - ,		,- • .				
160,240		1,491,629				
\$ 160,240	\$	1,647,629				



KNOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

	 General Fund	 Road Fund	 LGFA Fund	Sta	ate Grants Fund
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,378,024	\$	\$	\$	
Excess Fees	77,520				
Intergovernmental	449,454	1,896,589	3,450,118		4,034,657
Charges for Services	120,017		18,096		
Miscellaneous	253,966	289	78,456		
Interest	1,629	3,347	1,336		2,765
Total Revenues	2,280,610	1,900,225	3,548,006		4,037,422
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	1,225,328		66,580		4,451
Protection to Persons and Property	458,103		196,162		135,374
General Health and Sanitation			166,941		3,230,291
Social Services	2,750		229,454		72,005
Recreation and Culture	1,185		568,410		382,399
Roads		956,088	470,603		
Debt Service:					
Principal	409,365	235,972	3,133		
Interest	77,368	85,937	23		
Bond Issue Costs					
Lawsuit Settlements	2,000				
Capital Projects		25,551	124,651		129,995
Administration	1,216,999	151,190	555,416		
Total Expenditures	3,393,098	1,454,738	2,381,373		3,954,515
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other					
Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,112,488)	445,487	 1,166,633		82,907
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Financing Obligation Proceeds	400,000				
Refunding Bond Proceeds Refunding Bond Premium	100,000				
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent					
Transfers From Other Funds	1,448,607	823,863	1,399,000		
Transfers To Other Funds	(774,000)	(879,607)	(2,373,663)		(674,151)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,074,607	 (55,744)	 (974,663)		(674,151)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(37,881)	389,743	191,970		(591,244)
Fund Balances - Beginning	36,454	 18,585	 3,603		648,165
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ (1,427)	\$ 408,328	\$ 195,573	\$	56,921

KNOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Debt Service Fund		Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	\$	133,215	\$ 1,511,239	
504,538		525,579	77,520 10,860,935	
		342,054	480,167	
		34,173	366,884	
70		1,325	10,472	
504,608		1,036,346	13,307,217	
		100,244	1,296,359 889,883 3,397,232 304,209	
		621,813	1,573,807	
		512,128	1,938,819	
595,000 579,913 111,517		98,211	1,243,470 743,241 111,517 2,000 280,197 2,021,816	
1,286,430		1,332,396	13,802,550	
(781,822)		(296,050)	(495,333)	
4,085,000			4,085,000	
36,168			36,168	
(4,009,651)			(4,009,651)	
670,375		444,576	4,786,421	
	_	(85,000)	(4,786,421)	
781,892		359,576	511,517	
70 671,924	Φ.	63,526 96,714	16,184 1,475,445	
\$ 671,994	\$	160,240	\$ 1,491,629	



KNOTT COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 16,184
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of	
Activities are different because Governmental Funds report	
capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of	
Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	4 - 4 4 1 -
Capital Outlay	464,416
Depreciation Expense	(1,715,910)
Assets disposed of, net book value	(26,694)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, financing obligations) provides	
current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal	
on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of Governmental	
Funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.	
Bond Proceeds	(4,085,000)
Financing Obligations Principal Payments	28,949
Bond Principal Payments	4,944,521
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (373,534)

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KNOTT COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents it's government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Knott County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organization provides its services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. This organization's balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Knott County, Kentucky Justice Center Corporation - The Justice Center Corporation accounts for the activities of the Justice Center. The Justice Center Corporation issued debt to build facilities and additions of the justice center. The Justice Center Corporation entered into a contract, lease, and option with the County and Administrative Office of The Courts (AOC), Commonwealth of Kentucky. Administrative costs and the related debt are included in the Fiscal Court's financial statements although the Department for Local Government does not require the Fiscal Court to report or budget these funds.

KNOTT COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Knott County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Knott County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Knott County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

KNOTT COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function. Per the requirements of GASB 54, the county has included the activities of the Jail Fund.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

LGEA Fund - The Local Government Economic Assistance fund primarily accounts for funds from Coal Severance and Mineral Severance Taxes. These funds are used to support public service and protection aspects of the government as well as environmental, social services and parks and recreation activities. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

State Grants Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the grants that are received from various state agencies earmarked for specific projects. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund - The purpose of this fund contains the Youth Center general obligation bond issue and the Justice Center Corporation bond issue. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Emergency Management Fund, Forestry Fund, Sports Complex Fund, and Emergency 911 Fund.

KNOTT COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, State Grants Fund, Forestry Fund, Sports Complex Fund, Emergency Management Fund and the Emergency 911 Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Debt Service Fund:

The Debt Service Fund is presented as a debt service fund. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds principal ongoing operation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of a county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales. Operating expenses for an enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The Knott County Fiscal Court does not have any proprietary funds at this time.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life	
	T1	hreshold	(Years)	
	-			
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	10,000	10-20	
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	10,000	5	
Infrastructure	\$	10,000	5-10	

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into non-spendable and spendable components, if applicable.

Non-spendable includes amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity (Continued)

Spendable include the following:

- Restricted-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the county using its highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned-for all governmental funds, other than general fund, any remaining positive amounts not
 classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed. For the general fund, amounts constrained
 by intent to be used for a specified purpose by the County or the delegated county committee or
 official given authority to assign amounts.
- Unassigned-for the general fund, amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned. For all other governmental funds, amount expended in excess of resources that are non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

For resources considered committed, the county issues an ordinance or resolution that can only be changed with another corresponding ordinance or resolution.

For resources considered assigned, the county has designated the County Treasurer to carry out the intent of the fiscal court.

It is the policy of the County to spend restricted resources first, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to spend on the activity. Once restricted resources are exhausted, then committed, assigned and unassigned resources will be spent in that order on the activity.

Encumbrances, although not reported on the balance sheet, are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Due to the modified cash basis of accounting, encumbrances can also include invoices for goods or services received at June 30, but not yet paid and not included as an accounts payable. Significant encumbrances at year end are reported by major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate and included with the commitments and contingencies note disclosure, if applicable.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Related Organizations, Joint Venture, and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose its will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations the Knott County Fiscal Court: Knott County Health District, Knott County Library District, Knott County Conservation District, and the Knott County Water District.

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based upon these criteria, the Knott County Fiscal Court is not involved in any known joint ventures.

Note 2. Deposits

The primary government maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240 (4). As of June 30, 2012, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Interfund Transfers

						No	on-Major	
				State	Debt	Go	vernment	
	General			Grants	Service		al	Total
	Fund	Road Fund	LGEA Fund	Fund	Fund	_	Funds	Transfers In
General Fund	\$	\$ 179,607	\$1,214,000	\$	\$	\$	55,000	\$ 1,448,607
Road Fund			823,863					823,863
LGEA Fund	669,000	700,000					30,000	1,399,000
State Grants Fund								
Debt Service Fund				670,375				670,375
Non-Major	105,000		335,800	3,776		_		444,576
Total Transfers Out	\$774,000	\$879,607	\$2,373,663	\$ 674,151	\$	\$	85,000	\$4,786,421

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Reporting Entity						
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance			
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land and Land Improvements Construction In Progress	\$ 1,054,505 44,500	\$	\$ 	\$ 1,054,505			
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,099,005		44,500	1,054,505			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings	20,468,599	267,961		20,736,560			
Vehicles and Equipment Infrastructure	1,918,257 7,786,721	240,955	221,852	1,696,405 8,027,676			
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	30,173,577	508,916	221,852	30,460,641			
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:	30,173,377	300,710	221,032	30,100,011			
Buildings Vehicles and Equipment Infrastructure	(6,455,014) (1,559,021) (5,685,684)	(1,013,454) (73,931) (628,525)	(195,157)	(7,468,468) (1,437,795) (6,314,209)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(13,699,719)	(1,715,910)	(195,157)	(15,220,472)			
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	16,473,858	(1,206,994)	26,695	15,240,169			
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 17,572,863	\$ (1,206,994)	\$ 71,195	\$ 16,294,674			

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 104,864
Protection to Persons and Property	315,797
Recreation and Culture	661,597
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	 633,652
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,715,910

Note 5. Short-term Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the County entered into a loan in the amount of \$400,000 from Community Trust Bank, bearing interest at a rate of 3.5%. The note had a maturity date of June 29, 2012. The County paid this loan off on April 26, 2012, and therefore had no balance at June 30, 2012.

	Beginning	Ending		
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:				
Financing Obligations	\$	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$
Governmental Activities Short-term Liabilities	\$ 0	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 0

Note 6. Long-term Debt

A. General Obligation Road Bonds, Series 2007

The Fiscal Court issued \$1,500,000 in obligations during 2007. The bonds are payable in semi-annual installments, principal and interest, beginning January 1, 2008, in the amount of \$98,522. Interest accrues at the rate of 5.5%. The Fiscal Court issued the bonds for various road projects. As of June 30, 2012, bonds outstanding were \$852,942. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended	So	cheduled	S	cheduled	
June 30	I	nterest	P	Principal	
2013	\$	23,409	\$	75,113	
2014		40,564		156,480	
2015		31,840		165,205	
2016		22,629		174,416	
2017		12,904		184,141	
2018		2,637		95,885	
Totals	\$	133,983	\$	851,240	

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. Kentucky River Regional Jail Bond, Series 2007

The Perry County Fiscal Court issued \$4,975,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to build the Kentucky River Regional Jail. The Knott County Fiscal Court began using this facility as its jail upon completion. To use the facility, the Knott County Fiscal Court is required to pay twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of each principal and interest payment. Principal payments are due annually starting on December 1, 2008. Interest is payable semi-annually starting June 1, 2008. The Knott County Fiscal Court was initially responsible for \$1,243,750 in principal payments on the bonds. The interest is calculated at a rate of 3.85%. As of June 30, 2012, the bonds outstanding were \$1,225,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended	So	cheduled	S	Scheduled	
June 30	I	nterest]	Principal	
2013	\$	67,423	\$	116,250	
2014		41,532		60,000	
2015		39,174		62,500	
2016		36,695		66,250	
2017		34,097		68,750	
2018-2022		127,916		385,000	
2023-2027		46,176		466,250	
Totals	\$	393,013	\$	1,225,000	

C. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002 S/F

The Knott County Justice Center Corporation issued \$6,605,000 in obligations during 2002. The bonds are payable in annual installments with the interest payable in semi-annual installments, beginning October 1, 2002. Interest accrues at a rate of 4.78%. The Justice Center Corporation issued the bonds to fund the building of the Justice Center. As of June 30, 2012, bonds outstanding were \$4,130,000. This amount was in escrow due to its refunding in October 2012 (see note D). This amount is included in the debt reduction amount in note I.

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002 S/F

The Knott County, Kentucky Justice Center Corporation issued \$4,085,000 First Mortgage Refunding Revenue bonds dated October 19, 2011. The bonds are payable in annual installments with the interest payable in semi-annual installments, beginning April 1, 2012. Interest accrues at rates of 1.0% to 3.25%. The Justice Center Corporation issued the bonds to refund the General Obligation bonds, Series 2002 S/F (see note C). As of June 30, 2012, bonds outstanding were \$4,085,000. This transaction created an economic gain of \$210,765 while saving the County \$482,802 in principal and interest payments. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended	So	cheduled	Scheduled		
June 30	I	nterest	Principal		
2013	\$	96,450	\$		
2014		94,900	310,000		
2015		89,500	385,000		
2016		81,700	395,000		
2017		73,750	400,000		
2018-2022		227,707	2,130,000		
2023		7,556	465,000		
Totals	\$	671,563	\$ 4,085,000		

E. General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2006 S/F

The Fiscal Court issued \$8,450,000 in obligations during 2006. The bonds are payable in annual installments with the interest payable in semi-annual installments, beginning March 1, 2007. Interest accrues at a rate of 5.00%. The Fiscal Court issued the bonds to fund the building of the Youth and Recreation Center. As of June 30, 2012, bonds outstanding were \$7,360,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended	S	cheduled	S	Scheduled		
June 30		Interest]	Principal		
2013	\$	360,250	\$	310,000		
2014		344,375		325,000		
2015		327,750		340,000		
2016		310,250		360,000		
2017		291,875		375,000		
2018-2022		1,150,090		2,190,000		
2023-2027		528,000		2,810,000		
2028		16,250		650,000		
Totals	\$	3,328,840	\$	7,360,000		

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

F. Other Obligation

The Fiscal Court has an outstanding obligation to Fern Taylor. Ms. Taylor's husband died while on the job as a Deputy Sheriff. At the time, the Fiscal Court agreed to pay Ms. Taylor \$122 bi-weekly until her death. Future principal requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduk	ed	Sc	heduled	
June 30	Interes	t	Pı	rincipal	
2013	\$		\$	3,172	
2014				3,172	
2015				3,172	
2016				3,172	
2017				3,172	
2018				3,172	
Totals	\$	0	\$	19,032	

G. Grader

The Fiscal Court has a lease with Hyden Citizens Bank for a grader. Monthly payments are required in the amount of \$2,195 including interest. The lease matures on February 10, 2015. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended	Sc	heduled	Scheduled		
June 30	Interest		P	rincipal	
2013	\$	2,564	\$	23,930	
2014		1,434		24,908	
2015		302		17,259	
				_	
Totals	\$	4,300	\$	66,097	

H. Loader

The Fiscal Court had a lease with Farmers Bank for a loader. Monthly payments were required in the amount of \$1,035 including interest. In October 2011, the Fiscal Court paid the lease off.

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

I. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds	\$ 14,382,463	\$ 4,085,000	\$ 4,944,521	\$ 9,437,942 4,085,000	\$ 503,065
Financing Obligations	114,078		28,949	85,129	27,102
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 14,496,541	\$ 4,085,000	\$ 4,973,470	\$13,608,071	\$ 530,167

Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.96 percent.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 35.76 percent.

The county's contribution for FY 2010 was \$350,484, FY 2011 was \$386,453, and FY 2012 was \$417,458.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

CERS also provides post retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount.

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn fifteen dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, such employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 8. Deferred Compensation

The Knott County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 9. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, Knott County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 10. Related Party Transactions

Judge Thompson is the president of The Knott County Youth Foundation. The Foundation leases the land on which the sports complex resides. The Fiscal Court in turn, is leasing the land from the Foundation for an amount of \$0 per year. Additionally, the Fiscal Court entered into a second lease for more land adjacent to the sports complex during the year ended December 31, 2010. This lease calls for payments of \$100 per year for the 100 year term.

The Fiscal Court uses a sign company from time to time to manufacture advertising signs in the Sportsplex, the Knott County "Trail Ride" and other miscellaneous items. This sign company is owned by the Judge's sister. The Fiscal Court paid this company \$360 for signs during the year ended June 30, 2012.

The Sportsplex employs several of the Judge's family members on a part-time seasonal basis. Individual payments for wages were \$5,257.

Note 11. Subsequent Events

The County has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through December 14, 2012 which represents the date that these financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, have not been evaluated by the County.



KNOTT COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Supplementary Information

June 30, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Supplementary Information

June 30, 2012

	ergency nagement Fund	orestry Fund	Co	ports omplex Fund	E-911 Fund	Total on-Major ernmental Funds
ASSETS	 	 			 	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 65,755	\$ 23,945	\$	1,448	\$ 69,092	\$ 160,240
Total Assets	65,755	23,945		1,448	69,092	160,240
FUND BALANCES Assigned: Recreation and Culture Protection to Persons and Property	(5.755	23,945		1,448	co 000	1,448 23,945
Unassigned	 65,755	 			 69,092	 134,847
Total Fund Balances	\$ 65,755	\$ 23,945	\$	1,448	\$ 69,092	\$ 160,240



KNOTT COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Emergency Management Fund		Forestry Fund		Sports Complex Fund		E-911 Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$		\$	18,423	\$		\$	114,792	\$	133,215
Intergovernmental		525,579								525,579
Charges for Services						342,054				342,054
Miscellaneous						34,173				34,173
Interest		461		71		236		557		1,325
Total Revenues		526,040		18,494		376,463		115,349		1,036,346
EXPENDITURES										
Protection to Persons and Property				2,118				98,126		100,244
Recreation and Culture						621,813				621,813
Roads		512,128								512,128
Administration						80,556		17,655		98,211
Total Expenditures		512,128		2,118		702,369		115,781		1,332,396
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other										
Financing Sources (Uses)		13,912		16,376		(325,906)		(432)		(296,050)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers From Other Funds		124,000				320,576				444,576
Transfers To Other Funds		(85,000)								(85,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		39,000				320,576				359,576
Net Change in Fund Balances		52,912		16,376		(5,330)		(432)		63,526
Fund Balances - Beginning		12,843		7,569		6,778		69,524		96,714
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	65,755	\$	23,945	\$	1,448	\$	69,092	\$	160,240



KNOTT COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

KNOTT COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor		
Program Title	Pass-Through	
Grant Name (CFDA #)	Grantor's Number	Expenditures
U.S Department of Agriculture		
Direct Award		
ARRA-Emergency Watershed Protection Program		
(CFDA # 10.923)	68-5C16-11-079	\$ 22,500
,	68-5C16-11-097	25,290
	68-5C16-11-105	95,400
	68-5C16-11-126	15,300
	68-5C16-11-152	36,772
	68-5C16-12-029	132,450
		*** 327,712
Direct Award		
Community Facilities Loans and Grants		
(CFDA # 10.766) Sheriff's Vehicles Grant	N/A	1,731
	N/A N/A	109,369
Water Vehicles and Equipment Grant	IV/A	
		111,100
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		438,812
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed Through State Cabinet for Health and Family Services		
Department for Aging and Independent Living		
Passed Through Kentucky River Area Development District	27/1	
Title III B (CFDA # 93.044)	N/A	22,729
Title III C1 (CFDA # 93.045)	N/A	35,106
Title III C2 (CFDA # 93.045)	N/A	22,779
Nutritional Services Incentive Program (CFDA # 93.053)	N/A	4,730
Cluster Total	NT/A	85,344
Title III D (CFDA # 93.043)	N/A	1,671
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		87,015
U.S. Department of Homeland Security		
Passed Through State Department Of Military Affairs:		
(CFDA # 97.036)		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance		
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	FEMA 1976 DR KY	205,468
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance		
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	FEMA 4008 DR KY	188,572
		*** 394,040
(CFDA # 97.036)		
Emergency Management Assistance Program	PON2 1100000669 1	5,624
Emergency Management Assistance Program	PON2 1200000383 1	5,345
		10,969
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		405,009
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 930,836

^{***} Tested as Major Programs

KNOTT COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1 - The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Knott County, Kentucky and is presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and Non-Profit Organizations.

KNOTT COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION Other Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION

Other Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

GEN	FR A	.T.1	FT I	ND

	GENERAL FUND									
		udgeted ginal	.Am	ounts Final	A	Actual amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 1,2	291,800	\$	1,407,650	\$	1,378,024	\$	(29,626)		
In Lieu Tax Payments		5,000		5,000				(5,000)		
Excess Fees				77,500		77,520		20		
Intergovernmental Revenue		123,330		466,380		362,360		(104,020)		
Charges for Services		120,000		120,000		120,017		17		
Miscellaneous	1	121,000		247,600		249,261		1,661		
Interest		1,000		1,275		1,262		(13)		
Total Revenues	1,9	962,130		2,325,405		2,188,444		(136,961)		
EXPENDITURES										
General Government	1,1	127,067		1,317,667		1,225,328		92,339		
Protection to Persons and Property	,	2,300		4,800		4,543		257		
Social Services		6,000		6,000		2,750		3,250		
Recreation and Culture		,		1,200		1,185		15		
Debt Service		3,172		413,172		412,702		470		
Administration	1,1	103,198		1,184,194		1,097,873		86,321		
Total Expenditures		241,737		2,927,033		2,744,381		182,652		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	C	279,607)		(601,628)		(555,937)		45,691		
I maneing bourees (eses)		277,0077		(001,020)		(333,737)		13,071		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Financing Obligation Proceeds				400,000		400,000				
Transfers From Other Funds	1	179,607		179,607		903,607		724,000		
Transfers To Other Funds	•	177,007		177,007		(774,000)		(774,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		179,607		579,607		529,607		(50,000)		
10th conversions courses (costs)		77,007		277,007		025,007		(20,000)		
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(1	100,000)		(22,021)		(26,330)		(4,309)		
Fund Balance - Beginning		100,000		22,021		22,007		(14)		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(4,323)	\$	(4,323)		

KNOTT COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION Other Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND										
		Budgeted Original	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)								
REVENUES						<u>, </u>					
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,196,296	\$	1,899,546	\$	1,896,589	\$	(2,957)			
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		289		(711)			
Interest		3,000		3,000		3,347		347			
Total Revenues		1,200,296		1,903,546		1,900,225		(3,321)			
EXPENDITURES											
Roads		519,500		967,738		956,088		11,650			
Debt Service		225,000		324,100		321,909		2,191			
Capital Projects				26,000		25,551		449			
Administration		326,189		424,686		151,190		273,496			
Total Expenditures		1,070,689		1,742,524		1,454,738		287,786			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other											
Financing Sources (Uses)		129,607		161,022		445,487		284,465			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						022.072		022.072			
Transfers From Other Funds		(170, (07)		(170, (07)		823,863		823,863			
Transfers To Other Funds		(179,607)		(179,607)		(879,607)		(700,000)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(179,607)		(179,607)		(55,744)		123,863			
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(50,000)		(18,585)		389,743		408,328			
Fund Balance - Beginning		50,000		18,585		18,585					
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	408,328	\$	408,328			

KNOTT COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION Other Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	 OCIL GO	<u> </u>		0110	DIVIC ASSIC	, 1711	CEFOND	
					Actual		riance with	
					Amounts,		nal Budget	
	 Budgeted	Am		(I	Budgetary	Positive		
	 Original		Final		Basis)		Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 3,800,000	\$	3,800,000	\$	3,450,118	\$	(349,882)	
Charges for Services	80,000		82,200		18,096		(64,104)	
Miscellaneous	11,000		78,700		78,456		(244)	
Interest	 1,000		1,000		1,336		336	
Total Revenues	 3,892,000		3,961,900		3,548,006		(413,894)	
EXPENDITURES								
General Government	47,500		69,160		66,580		2,580	
Protection to Persons and Property	251,002		234,819		196,162		38,657	
General Health and Sanitation	149,801		178,041		166,941		11,100	
Social Services	304,000		273,385		229,454		43,931	
Recreation and Culture	834,600		815,484		568,410		247,074	
Roads	672,000		672,000		470,603		201,397	
Debt Service	3,200		3,200		3,156		44	
Capital Projects	40,000		125,000		124,651		349	
Administration	 664,897		619,414		555,416		63,998	
Total Expenditures	2,967,000		2,990,503		2,381,373		609,130	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)	 925,000		971,397		1,166,633		195,236	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds					1,399,000		1,399,000	
Transfers To Other Funds	(975,000)		(975,000)		(2,373,663)		(1,398,663)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (975,000)		(975,000)		(974,663)		337	
Total conditional sources (codes)	 (>12,000)		(>12,000)		(> / 1,000)			
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(50,000)		(3,603)		191,970		195,573	
Fund Balances - Beginning	50,000		3,603		3,603			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	195,573	\$	195,573	

KNOTT COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION Other Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

	STATE GRANTS FUND							
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		<u> </u>						
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	4,000,000	\$	5,153,023	\$	4,034,657	\$	(1,118,366)
Interest		3,000		3,000		2,765		(235)
Total Revenues		4,003,000		5,156,023		4,037,422		(1,118,601)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government				4,600		4,451		149
Protection to Persons and Property		150,000		169,500		135,374		34,126
General Health and Sanitation		1,100,000		3,231,700		3,230,291		1,409
Social Services		25,000		72,550		72,005		545
Recreation and Culture		500,000		382,704		382,399		305
Capital Projects		1,100,000		129,995		129,995		
Administration		528,000		1,113,139				1,113,139
Total Expenditures		3,403,000		5,104,188		3,954,515		1,149,673
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		600,000		51,835		82,907		31,072
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds								
Transfers To Other Funds		(700,000)		(700,000)		(674,151)		25,849
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(700,000)		(700,000)		(674,151)		25,849
Net Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning		(100,000) 100,000		(648,165) 648,165		(591,244) 648,165		56,921
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	56,921	\$	56,921

KNOTT COUNTY NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION

June 30, 2012

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Reconciliation to the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Fund Balances

General Fund:

Reconciliation to the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances

Total Revenues Per Budgetary Information Add: Jail Fund Revenues Add: Federal Grant Fund Revenues	\$ 2,188,444 92,165 1
Total Revenue to Statement	\$ 2,280,610
Total Expenditures Per Budgetary Information Add: Jail Fund Expenditures Add: Federal Grant Fund Expenditures	\$ 2,744,381 648,717 0
Total Expenditures to Statement	\$ 3,393,098
Other Financing Sources Per Budgetary Information Add: Transfers to Jail Fund From LGEA Fund	\$ 529,607 545,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) to Statement	\$ 1,074,607
Fund Balance-Prior Year Per Budgetary Information Add: Jail Fund Prior Year Balance Add: Federal Grant Fund Prior Year Balance (From Non-Major Funds)	\$ 22,007 14,159 288
General Fund Beginning Balance to Statement	 36,454
Fund Balance-Ending Per Budgetary Information Add: Jail Fund Balance-Ending Add: Federal Grant Fund Balance-Ending	(4,323) 2,607 289
Total Fund Balance-Ending to Statement	\$ (1,427)

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Stephen R. Allen, CPA/PF. Dennis H. England, CPA Michael D. Foley, CPA Lyman Hager, Jr., CPA Jerry W. Hensley, CPA

J. Carroll Luby, CPA

The Honorable Randy Thompson, Knott County Judge/Executive Members of the Knott County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Knott County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2012. Knott County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Knott County Fiscal Court is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Knott County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Knott County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Knott County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2012-02 that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Knott County's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2012-01, 2012-02, and 2012-03.

The Knott County Judge/Executive's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the County Judge/Executive's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, the Department for Local Government, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Day, Foley, Hensley & Company PLIC

Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC December 14, 2012

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Dennis H. England, CPA Michael D. Foley, CPA Lyman Hager, Jr., CPA Jerry W. Hensley, CPA

I Carroll Luby CPA

The Honorable Randy Thompson, Knott County Judge/Executive Members of the Knott County Fiscal Court

> Report On Compliance With Requirements That Could Have A Direct And Material Effect On Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditor's Report

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Knott County, Kentucky, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. Knott County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Knott County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Knott County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Knott County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Knott County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Knott County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Knott County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Knott County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Knott County's internal control over compliance.

Report On Compliance With Requirements That Could Have A Direct And Material Effect On Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 (Continued)

Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, the Department for Local Government, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Day, Foley, Hensley & Company Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC

December 14, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

KNOTT COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Knott County.
- 2. One significant deficiency relating to the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 3. Three instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Knott County were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal awards programs are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the audit of the major federal awards programs for Knott County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There are no findings relative to the major federal awards programs for Knott County reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were: U.S. Department of Homeland Security; Disaster Grants Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) (CFDA# 97.036) and U.S. Department of Agriculture; ARRA Emergency Watershed Protection Program (CFDA# 10.923).
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Knott County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:

2011-01 The Fiscal Court Should Ensure That All Payments Due Are Made Timely

Per an agreement between Perry County and Knott County, Perry County pays 75% and Knott pays 25% of all bonded debt and liability insurance for the Kentucky River Regional Jail. Perry County pays all responsible debt on the Kentucky River Regional Jail, then submits for reimbursement a bill with a copy of the check used to pay that debt with a breakdown of 75%-25% to show the amount owed. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, all debt and insurance was paid on behalf of the Kentucky River Regional Jail by Perry County. Upon this payment, Perry County billed Knott County for their share. Knott County did not make this reimbursement of \$53,533 timely. Per KRS 65.140(2) all bills for goods for services shall be paid within thirty (30) working days of the vendor's invoice except when payment is delayed because the purchaser has made a written disapproval of improper invoicing by the vendor. Knott County remitted this payment in November 2012 to cover that balance. Also, during our substantive audit procedures for cash disbursements, we noted several invoices not paid within the thirty (30) day requirement. We recommend that the fiscal court ensure that all amounts owed are paid in a timely manner.

County Judge/Executive Response: Bills are paid when funds are available to pay them.

KNOTT COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

2012-02 The Fiscal Court Should Ensure That Payroll Timesheets Are Signed And Personnel Folders Are Complete

The test of payroll revealed that timesheets did not always contain proper supervisor signatures or proper employee signatures and that several employee files were missing information for withholdings. Accurate timesheets are required by KRS 337.320 and are necessary to document eligibility for employee benefits, such as retirement. Good internal controls dictate that all employees, except those statutorily exempt from this requirement, maintain and submit timesheets for payroll processing. To further strengthen internal controls, the timesheets should be signed by the employee and by the employee's immediate supervisor for verification and attestation of the accuracy of time reported. Lack of proper internal controls for payroll increases the risk that incorrect payroll information will be processed by the county and that these errors will not be identified and corrected. Also, proper controls will ensure that every withholding from employee's pay is supported in their personnel file with a signed form.

We recommend that the county implement the following internal control procedures to ensure the proper documentation, preparation, calculation and presentation of payroll related items:

- 1. The county should require all employees to maintain and submit timesheets with daily detail, except those statutorily exempt. Furthermore, the county should require employees and their immediate supervisors to sign all timesheets.
- 2. The county should ensure that all documentation is in each employee's file for every employee.

County Judge/Executive's Response: Agreed – supervisors should be signing off on timecards. We will take steps to remedy.

2012-03 Knott County Fiscal Court Failed To Fully Restore Restricted Funds

The county's General Fund owed The LGEA Fund \$156,000 at June 30, 2012. During the current year audit, the LGEA Fund made several large transfers to the Road Fund, which were repaid, but the LGEA fund could potentially be in violation of its road expenditure requirements under KRS 42.455.

We recommend the County consult with the Department for Local Government to determine if funds spent by the General Fund and Road Fund would comply with LGEA expenditure restrictions and/or repay the balance.

County Treasurer's Response: All fund transfers between the LGEA and Road funds during my time as treasurer have been repaid. The \$156,000 owed to the LGEA must have been a prior balance. I will make every effort to repay that amount in the future.

KNOTT COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAM AUDIT None.

D. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

None.



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

KNOTT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

KNOTT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The Knott County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer